Financial Statements

December 31, 2015



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## To the Board of Directors of the Biosphere Institute of the Bow Valley

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Biosphere Institute of the Bow Valley, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2015 and the statements of revenue, expenses and net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

**Auditor's Responsibility** 

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting principles used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Biosphere Institute of the Bow Valley as at December 31, 2015 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Chartered Accountant

Banff, Alberta May 27, 2016

## Statement of Financial Position

## **December 31, 2015**

			2015	2014
2	ASSETS			
Current Cash Contributions receivable		\$	232,031 3,406	\$ 125,844 29,895
		\$	235,437	\$ 155,739
	LIABILITIES			
Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Employee deductions payable Deferred contributions (Note 3)			8,453 6,654 116,804	\$ 10,912 4,267 47,054
		_	131,911	62,233
Unrestricted	NET ASSETS		103,526	93,506
		\$	235,437	\$ 155,739

Approved by the Board

Director

Director

MANKTELOW & COMPANY CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT

# Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Net Assets Year Ended December 31, 2015

		2015	2014
Revenue			
Grants	\$	251,393	\$ 254,616
Donations		25,700	29,675
Other		1,100	 1,469
		278,193	 285,760
Expenses			
Advertising, events and promotions		2,965	3,623
Casino expenses		3,428	-
Education, services and supplies		9,981	19,872
Insurance		2,161	2,079
Office		4,057	6,081
Other		826	2,850
Professional fees	•	9,293	9,745
Rent		5,685	10,001
Salaries and benefits		225,532	204,122
Telephone		2,580	2,565
Travel		1,665	 3,122
		268,173	264,060
Excess of revenue over expenses for the year	\$	10,020	\$ 21,700
Unrestricted net assets, beginning of the year		93,506	 71,806
Unrestricted net assets, end of the year	\$	103,526	\$ 93,506

## **Statement of Cash Flows**

## Year Ended December 31, 2015

	2015		2014	
Cash flows from operating activities				
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ 10,020	\$	21,700	
Changes in non-cash working capital:				
Contributions receivable	26,489		(9,618)	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Employee deductions payable	(2,459) 2,387		229 647	
Deferred contributions	 69,750		(3,198)	
	 96,167		(11,940)	
	 106,187		9,760	
Increase in cash	106,187		9,760	
Cash, beginning of the year	 125,844		116,084	
Cash, end of the year	\$ 232,031	\$	125,844	

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

**December 31, 2015** 

#### 1. Purpose of the Organization

The Biosphere Institute of the Bow Valley is a regional organization dedicated to ensuring the ecological integrity of the Bow Valley for the well-being of the ecosystem and those who live here, through education, research and outreach. The Biosphere Institute of the Bow Valley is incorporated under the Alberta Societies Act as a not-for-profit organization and is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act.

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, including the following significant accounting policies:

## a) Revenue Recognition

The Biosphere Institute of the Bow Valley follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

#### b) Property and equipment

Property and equipment assets are expensed on acquisition. During the year, the organization did not purchase any property and equipment.

#### c) Financial instruments

The organization's financial instruments consist of cash, contributions receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. It is management's opinion that the organization is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments. Unless otherwise noted, the fair value of these financial instruments approximates their carrying values.

#### d) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### e) Contributed Goods and Services

The work of the organization is dependant on the voluntary services of many individuals and organizations. Because of the difficulty of determining fair value, contributed services are not recognized in these financial statements.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

**December 31, 2015** 

#### 3. Deferred Contributions

Deferred contributions represent restricted operating funding received in the current period that is related to the subsequent period. Changes in the deferred contributions balance are as follows:

	2015		2014	
Beginning balance Amounts recognized as revenue in the year Amounts received related to the following year	\$	47,054 (47,054) 116,804	\$	50,252 (52,252) 47,054
	\$	116,804	\$	45,054

#### 4. Lease Commitments

The Biosphere Institute of the Bow Valley leases office space in a building owned by the Town of Canmore, one of its core funders (Note 5). The lease is effective from October 1, 2015 to September 30, 2020 with an option to renew for the same terms subject to a rate adjustment. The present rent is \$3,885 per year for the first year of the lease with a 2% per year increase throughout the term of the lease. There is no common area cost. Minimum annual rent over the initial term of the lease is as follows:

2016	\$ 3,885
2017	3,963
2018	4,042
2019	4,123
2020	4,205

## 5. Economic Dependence

The organization receives an annual grant from the Town of Canmore to assist with general operating costs. The organization is economically dependant on its agreement with the Town of Canmore to provide the current level of service.

## Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2015

#### 6. Financial Risk

#### a) Credit risk

Credit risk associated with cash and contributions receivable arises from the possibility that parties may default on their financial obligations. The maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying value of cash and contributions receivable. Cash is deposited with federally regulated, credit worthy financial institutions. Contributions receivable are primarily due from either local government or other funding agencies. There has been no change to the risk exposure from 2014.

## b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the organization will not be able to meet its financial obligations on a timely basis. Revenue from operations funds the organization's cash requirements. A significant portion of the organization's revenue is received from the Town of Canmore, as described in Note 3. There has been no change to the risk exposure from 2014.

## c) Currency risk

Currency risk arises from financial instruments, primarily cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable, denominated in a currency other than the Canadian dollar. The organization receives all of its funding, and pays for all of its operating costs, in Canadian currency so it has no exposure to foreign currency fluctuation. There has been no change to the risk exposure from 2014.

## d) Interest rate risk

The organization maintains its cash balance in a non-interest bearing bank account and has no debt with financial institutions. As a result, the organization is exposed to minimal interest rate risk due to fluctuations in the commercial prime lending rate. There has been no change to the risk exposure from 2014.